# Lead Inspection & Risk Assessment Report

FOR THE PROPERTY AT:

123 Ferguson Street Lansing, MI 48912 Date of Construction: 1914



ETC Job #: 269256

# Prepared For

Ingham County Land Bank 3024 Turner Street Lansing, MI 48906 517-267-5221

Date of Inspection: 05/13/2024

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

LEAD INSPECTION & RISK ASSESSMENT REPORT	1
PURPOSE OF ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATION	3
KEY DEFINITIONS	
LEAD TESTING	
RESULTS & RECOMMENDATIONS	
APPENDICES	
	-
APPENDIX A — RESIDENT INTERVIEW	
APPENDIX B — SITE INFORMATION	21
APPENDIX C – LEAD: EDUCATION, TESTING, RESOURCES & LAWS	35
APPENDIX D — ALL XRF RESULTS & DEVICE USED	42
APPENDIX E — LABORATORIES USED & ORIGINAL LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORTS	57

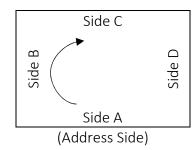


# **Purpose of Environmental Investigation**

The purpose of this report is to share lead-testing results. *Please refer to Appendix C-3 for your future responsibilities as they relate to this report.* Use the "Key Definitions" below as a guide when reading the results. Floor plan maps are provided in Appendix B-3 – use these as a guide when reading the results. See Appendix C for information about lead hazards and abatement versus interim control options.

# **KEY DEFINITIONS**

- **Component:** The surface tested. *Examples: door, door trim, wall, ceiling, exterior siding, etc.*
- Substrate: The type of material. Examples: plaster, wood, metal
- **Side:** The location of tested area or item. Side A is always the address side of the building. Sides B, C, and D move in a clockwise direction from Side A.



- **Condition:** The condition of the paint on the surface tested. *Intact* means undamaged or in one piece. *Deteriorated* means damaged, worn, or in bad shape.
- **Color:** The color of the surface tested.
- Floor:The floor of the building.Basements identified are "Floor 0."
- **Room:** The room testing occurred. Rooms are identified by a number because room usage may change (i.e., a bedroom may become an office). Kitchens and bathrooms are not numbered.
- **Result:** Indicates if the component/surface tested is Positive or Negative for lead.
- Teeth: Indicates if teeth marks are present.
- **Fric-Imp:** Friction-Impact occurs when two components rub or come into contact repeatedly.



# Lead Testing

# **RESULTS & RECOMMENDATIONS**

The table below details all of the lead-hazards found in your home.

		TABLE 1: ALL LEAD-HAZARDS												
COMPONENT & LOCATION OF HAZARD	SEVERITY*	PRIORITY**	ABATEMENT OPTIONS	INTERIM CONTROL OPTIONS										
Hazards throughout Home														
Dust levels in some window troughs /	1	1	The risk assessor believes that these	The risk assessor believes that these										
wells within the home were found to			high lead levels were caused by other	high lead levels were caused by other										
have elevated lead levels. Therefore, all			lead hazards dealt with below.	lead hazards dealt with below.										
window troughs should be considered			Therefore, after having completed all	Therefore, after having completed all										
to be lead contaminated.			other abatement / interim control	other abatement / interim control										
			options, clean the entire house for	options, clean the entire house for										
			lead dust thoroughly using the	lead dust thoroughly using the										
			accepted HEPA-Wash cleaning	accepted HEPA-Wash cleaning										
			methods.	methods.										
Dust levels in some window sills / stools	1	1	The risk assessor believes that these	The risk assessor believes that these										
within the home were found to have			high lead levels were caused by other	high lead levels were caused by other										
elevated lead levels. Therefore, all			lead hazards dealt with below.	lead hazards dealt with below.										
window sills should be considered to be			Therefore, after having completed all	Therefore, after having completed all										
lead contaminated.			other abatement / interim control	other abatement / interim control										
			options, clean the entire house for	options, clean the entire house for										
			lead dust thoroughly using the	lead dust thoroughly using the										
			accepted HEPA-Wash cleaning	accepted HEPA-Wash cleaning										
			methods.	methods.										

COMPONENT & LOCATION OF HAZARD	SEVERITY*	PRIORITY**	ABATEMENT OPTIONS	INTERIM CONTROL OPTIONS
Dust levels on some floors within the home were found to have elevated lead levels. Therefore, all floors should be considered to be lead contaminated.	1	1	The risk assessor believes that these high lead levels were caused by other lead hazards dealt with below. Therefore, after having completed all other abatement / interim control options, clean the entire house for lead dust thoroughly using the accepted HEPA-Wash cleaning methods.	The risk assessor believes that these high lead levels were caused by other lead hazards dealt with below. Therefore, after having completed all other abatement / interim control options, clean the entire house for lead dust thoroughly using the accepted HEPA-Wash cleaning methods.
Exterior House # 18	2	2	1) Remove and replace with new deer	1) Defit door to eliminate friction
Side A Door Threshold & Side D Door, Stop & Jamb represent deteriorated lead paint surface hazards.	2	2	1) Remove and replace with new door systems or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) strip all surfaces on both sides of the door bare to the substrate, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.	<ol> <li>Refit door to eliminate friction points, wet scrape/sand all surfaces, make necessary repairs, including installation of weatherstripping or other "soft" stop material, stabilize all surfaces and repaint 2) Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 3) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
Side B & D Basement Window Casings, Jambs, Stops Ext. & Sashes Ext. represent deteriorated lead paint surface hazards.	3	3	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments         <ul> <li>(jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber             padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce             wear or 2) Wet plane all friction /             impact surfaces, wet scrape all             remaining surfaces, make necessary             repairs, stabilize all surfaces and                   repaint.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>



COMPONENT & LOCATION OF HAZARD	SEVERITY*	PRIORITY**	ABATEMENT OPTIONS	INTERIM CONTROL OPTIONS
Side C White Wood Window Casing	3	3	1) Remove and replace with new	1) Use friction reduction treatments
represents a deteriorated lead paint			replacement windows or 2) replace	(jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber
surface hazard.			individual lead painted components	padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce
			or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces	wear or 2) Wet plane all friction /
			or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the	impact surfaces, wet scrape all
			substrate, make necessary repairs,	remaining surfaces, make necessary
			stabilize surfaces, and repaint.	repairs, stabilize all surfaces and
				repaint.
Living Room # 2				
All White Wood Window Sashes Ext.,	2	2	1) Remove and replace with new	1) Use friction reduction treatments
Stops Ext., Jambs, Parting Beads &			replacement windows or 2) replace	(jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber
Wells-Troughs represent deteriorated			individual lead painted components	padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce
lead paint surface hazards.			or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces	wear or 2) Wet plane all friction /
			or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the	impact surfaces, wet scrape all
			substrate, make necessary repairs,	remaining surfaces, make necessary
			stabilize surfaces, and repaint.	repairs, stabilize all surfaces and
				repaint.
Side C Closet Shelf represents a	3	3	1) Remove and replace with new	Wet scrape / sand all surfaces, make
deteriorated lead paint surface hazard.			components or 2) wet scrape/sand all	necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces
			surfaces, make necessary repairs,	and repaint.
			stabilize surfaces and encapsulate	
			with a Michigan approved	
			encapsulant or 3) strip all surfaces	
			bare to the substrate (either	
			chemically or using mechanical wet	
			methods), make necessary repairs	
			and recoat.	
Side C Closet Wall represents a	3	3	1) Enclose with drywall or other	Wet scrape / sand all surfaces, make
deteriorated lead paint surface hazard.			suitable wallboard material or 2) wet	necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces
			scrape/sand all surfaces, make	and repaint.
			necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces	
			and encapsulate with a Michigan	
			approved encapsulant.	



SEVERITY*	PRIORITY**	ABATEMENT OPTIONS	INTERIM CONTROL OPTIONS
2	2	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments</li> <li>(jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
2	2	1) Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments</li> <li>(jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
2	2	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
	2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	221) Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.221) Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.221) Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.221) Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.



COMPONENT & LOCATION OF HAZARD	SEVERITY*	PRIORITY**	ABATEMENT OPTIONS	INTERIM CONTROL OPTIONS
Side D2 Window Sash Ext., Stop Ext., lamb, Parting Bead & Well-Trough were inaccessible due to being walled off from the outside. is an untested other surface in deteriorated condition that must be considered to be a lead paint hazard.	3	3	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
Bedroom # 9				
Side A(All) White Wood Window Jambs represent deteriorated lead paint surface hazards.	2	2	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
Bedroom # 10				
Side B(All) White Wood Window Casing represents deteriorated lead paint surface hazards.	3	3	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>



COMPONENT & LOCATION OF HAZARD	SEVERITY*	PRIORITY**	ABATEMENT OPTIONS	INTERIM CONTROL OPTIONS
Sides A1 & B1 Window Sashes Ext., Stops Ext., Jambs, Parting Beads & Wells-Trough were inaccessible due to being painted shut. is an untested other surface in deteriorated condition that must be considered to be a lead paint hazard.	2	2	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
Kitchen # 11 Side C1 Window Sash Ext., Stop Ext., Jamb, Parting Bead & Well-Trough were inaccessible due to being painted shut. is an untested other surface in deteriorated condition that must be considered to be a lead paint hazard.	2	2	1) Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.	1) Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.
Bathroom # 12				
Side C1 Window Sash Ext., Stop Ext., Jamb, Parting Bead & Well-Trough were inaccessible due to being painted shut. is an untested other surface in deteriorated condition that must be considered to be a lead paint hazard.	2	2	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>



COMPONENT & LOCATION OF HAZARD	SEVERITY*	PRIORITY**	ABATEMENT OPTIONS	INTERIM CONTROL OPTIONS
Basement Stair # 13				
Side D Door Casing represents a deteriorated lead paint surface hazard.	3	3	<ol> <li>Remove and replace with new door systems or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) strip all surfaces on both sides of the door bare to the substrate, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Refit door to eliminate friction points, wet scrape/sand all surfaces, make necessary repairs, including installation of weatherstripping or other "soft" stop material, stabilize all surfaces and repaint 2) Use friction reduction treatments (jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 3) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
Attic # 17				
Sides A1 & A2 Window Sashes Ext., Stops Ext., Jambs, Parting Beads & Wells-Trough were inaccessible due to being sealed shut. Is an untested other surface in deteriorated condition that must be considered to be a lead paint hazard.	3	3	1) Remove and replace with new replacement windows or 2) replace individual lead painted components or 3) enclose all lead painted surfaces or 4) strip all surfaces bare to the substrate, make necessary repairs, stabilize surfaces, and repaint.	<ol> <li>Use friction reduction treatments</li> <li>(jamb liners, weatherstripping, rubber padding, tread covers, etc.) to reduce wear or 2) Wet plane all friction / impact surfaces, wet scrape all remaining surfaces, make necessary repairs, stabilize all surfaces and repaint.</li> </ol>
Entire Home				
After having completed all other abatement and interim control options.	NA	NA	After completing all abatement and interim control options clean the entire home for lead dust thoroughly using the accepted HEPA-Wash cleaning methods.	After completing all abatement and interim control options clean the entire home for lead dust thoroughly using the accepted HEPA-Wash cleaning methods.

\* Severity: 1 = most severe; 2 = very severe; 3 = somewhat severe

\*\*Priority: 1 = high priority; 2 = medium priority; 3 = low priority



# **RESULTS OF TESTED SURFACES**

The following tables detail levels of lead found in paint, dust, and soil on your property.

## Positive Lead-Paint Results

All paint testing results in Appendix D.

				TABL	E 2: P	OSITIVE	E LEAD-PAIN	NT RESULT	S				
READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	<b>FREC-IMP</b>	теетн
15	5.7	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Weather	Yes	No
16	18.9	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Weather	Yes	No
17	13.1	Positive	Win. Jamb	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Friction	Yes	No
18	12.2	Positive	Win. Part Bead	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Friction	Yes	No
19	10.7	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Weather	Yes	No
28	1.8	Positive	Clos. Shelf	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Impact	Yes	No
29	2.1	Positive	Clos. Wall	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Living Room	2	Impact	No	No
48	5.4	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Weather	Yes	No
49	17	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Weather	Yes	No
50	12.3	Positive	Win. Jamb	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Friction	Yes	No
51	10.2	Positive	Win. Part Bead	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Friction	Yes	No
52	14.5	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Weather	Yes	No
81	15.9	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	Weather	Yes	No
82	11.9	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	Weather	Yes	No
83	13.8	Positive	Win. Jamb	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	Friction	Yes	No
84	11.5	Positive	Win. Part Bead	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	Friction	Yes	No
85	15.5	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	D	2	White	INTACT	Metal	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
91	1.1	Positive	Clos. Shelf	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
108	1	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	<b>FREC-IMP</b>	ТЕЕТН
111	1	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	D	-	White	INTACT	Metal	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
144	5	Positive	Door Threshold	А	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
145	3.8	Positive	Win. Casing	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	No	No
146	22.6	Positive	Win. Jamb	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
147	21.4	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
148	21.3	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
149	19.5	Positive	Win. Casing	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	No	No
150	20.8	Positive	Win. Casing	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	No	No
151	22.6	Positive	Win. Jamb	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
152	21.4	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
153	21.3	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
154	18.4	Positive	Door	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Friction	Yes	No
155	13	Positive	Door Stop	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Impact	Yes	No
156	11.7	Positive	Door Jamb	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Friction	Yes	No
174	13.7	Positive	Win. Jamb	А	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	9	Friction	Yes	No
185	1.3	Positive	Win. Casing	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Impact	Yes	No
220	19.5	Positive	Win. Jamb	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Friction	Yes	No
221	18.7	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
222	16.5	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
233	13.8	Positive	Door Casing	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Basement Stair	13	Impact	Yes	No
A1	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A2	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A3	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Friction	Yes	No
A4	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Friction	Yes	No
A5	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FREC-IMP	ТЕЕТН
A6	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A7	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A8	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Friction	Yes	No
A9	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Friction	Yes	No
A10	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A11	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Weather	Yes	No
A12	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Weather	Yes	No
A13	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Friction	Yes	No
A14	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Friction	Yes	No
A15	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Weather	Yes	No
A16	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Weather	Yes	No
A17	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Weather	Yes	No
A18	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Friction	Yes	No
A19	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Friction	Yes	No
A20	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Weather	Yes	No
A21	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
A22	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
A23	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Friction	Yes	No
A24	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Friction	Yes	No
A25	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
A26	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A27	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A28	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Friction	Yes	No
A29	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Friction	Yes	No
A30	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FREC-IMP	теетн
A31	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A32	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A33	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Friction	Yes	No
A34	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Friction	Yes	No
A35	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No

HUD reporting limits for positive XRF results are  $\geq$  1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> (milligrams per square centimeter) for painted or glazed surfaces.



## **Dust Wipe Sample Results**

	TABLE 3: DUST WIPE SAMPLE RESULTS								
SAMPLE #	ROOM/ WIPE LOCATION	SURFACE TESTED HF Hard Floor CF Carpet Floor T Trough S Stool/Sill O Other	LEAD HAZARD?	LAB RESULT (µG/FT²)					
FB1	Field Blank	N/A	No	N/D					
DW01	Living Room 2	HF	Yes	31.2					
DW02	Living Room 2 Side B1	S	Yes	1130					
DW03	Kitchen 4	HF	Yes	219					
DW04	Kitchen 4 Side D2	Т	Yes	5590					
DW05	Bedroom 6	HF	Yes	29.3					
DW06	Bedroom 6 Side C1	Т	No	88.3					
DW07	Bedroom 9	HF	Yes	11.5					
DW08	Bedroom 9 Side A1	S	No	89.9					
DW09	Bedroom 9 Side A1	Т	Yes	4900					
DW10	Bedroom 10	HF	Yes	12.5					
DW11	Bedroom 10 Side B1	S	Yes	990					
DW12	Bathroom 12	HF	Yes	30.3					
DW13	Bathroom 12 Side C1	S	Yes	267					
DW14	Porch Side A	HF	No	7.13					

For all HUD/Medicaid projects lead action levels for dust: Floors = 10 μg/ft<sup>2</sup> (micrograms per square feet); Porches = 40 μg/ft<sup>2</sup>; Window stools/interior sills = 100 μg/ft<sup>2</sup>; Window troughs = 100 μg/ft<sup>2</sup>. BRL = Below Reporting Limits. N/D = Not Detected.



## Soil Sample Results

TABLE 4: SOIL SAMPLE RESULTS								
SAMPLE #	LOCATION OF BARE SOIL AREA	APPROXIMATE AREA IN SQUARE- FEET (FT²)	LEAD HAZARD?	LAB RESULT IN PARTS PER MILLION (PPM)				
SS-1	House Dripline Side A	45	No	337				
SS-2	Bare Soil Side C	250	No	282				

EPA and HUD lead action levels: Soil – at 1,200 ppm; Child play areas and gardens – at 400 ppm or more. BRL = Below Reporting Limits. N/D = Not Detected.

## Other Surface Sample Results

The table below details all non-painted surfaces that were tested. Testing these surfaces can help find other sources of lead-exposure. These surfaces are not required to be tested.

## TABLE 5: OTHER SURFACE SAMPLE RESULTS

SURFACE/ITEM DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	MATERIAL	RESULT (MG/CM <sup>2</sup> )
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Items listed above were tested using an XRF. The results are limited because the surfaces tested do not comply with the devices testing ability. **Positive lead results are in bold.** These items may be a potential source of lead exposure. [mg/cm<sup>2</sup> = milligrams per square centimeter]



# SURFACES UNABLE TO BE TESTED

A lead investigation requires testing all painted surfaces. Some painted surfaces in your home may be out of reach. These surfaces are not tested. Surfaces out of reach that are not tested are assumed to contain lead-based paint. If the paint looks deteriorated, the surface is assumed to be a lead-based paint hazard. The table below details all of the untested painted surfaces. It also details why the surface was not tested.

TABLE 0. JUNIACLES UNABLE TO TEST							
ROOM	COMPONENT	REASON NOT TESTED					
Stairwell 7 – (Side D2)	Window Sash Ext., Stop Ext., Jamb, Parting Bead & Well-Trough	Walled off					
Bedroom 10 – (Sides A1 & B1)	Window Sashes Ext., Stops Ext., Jambs, Parting Beads & Wells-Troughs	Painted shut					
Kitchen 11 – (Side C1)	Window Sash Ext., Stop Ext., Jamb, Parting Bead & Well-Trough	Painted shut					
Bathroom 12 – (Side C1)	Window Sash Ext., Stop Ext., Jamb, Parting Bead & Well-Trough	Painted shut					
Attic 17 – (Sides A1 & A2)	Window Sashes Ext., Stops Ext., Jambs, Parting Beads & Wells-Troughs	Painted shut					

# TABLE 6: SURFACES UNABLE TO TEST

HUD reporting limits for positive XRF results are  $\geq$ 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> (milligrams per square centimeter) for painted or glazed surface.

## POTENTIAL HAZARDS

Lead can exist in your home and not be a hazard. The table below details all surfaces found to contain lead but are not current hazards. Please make a note of these surfaces and remember to monitor them for changes. Any changes could make the surface a lead-hazard, which will alter severity and priority levels and require lead hazard control options. Refer to Appendix C-3 for ways to monitor.

	TABLE 7: POTENTIAL HAZARDS												
READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FREC-IMP	теетн
85	15.5	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	D	2	White	INTACT	Metal	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
91	1.1	Positive	Clos. Shelf	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	_	-	-
108	1	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
111	1	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	D	-	White	INTACT	Metal	Bathroom	5	-	-	-

HUD reporting limits for positive XRF results are  $\geq$ 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> (milligrams per square centimeter) for painted or glazed surfaces.



# **Inspector Certification**

The information contained in this report is a true and accurate representation of the conditions and activities at this property at the time of this investigation, based on the professional judgment of the person(s) who conducted and reported this Environmental Investigation. If soil samples were not collected as indicated in Table 4 due to snow, these samples will be collected at the earliest opportunity. An amended report will be sent with any soil hazards found and corrective action options.

David Fromkelin

David Franklin

Michigan Certified Lead Inspector/Risk Assessor: P-09210 Risk Assessor E-Mail: David.Franklin@2etc.com



# Appendices

# APPENDIX A - RESIDENT INTERVIEW

The purpose of this interview is to help find where to take dust and soil samples. Questions will help find:

- Most frequently used entrances and windows.
- Areas where children sleep, eat, and play.
- Recent renovations.
- Etc.

# Resident Interview Questions & Responses:

This house is currently:	Not Occupied
Person interviewed:	N/A
Relationship to child:	N/A

FAMILY USE PATTERNS	
QUESTION	RESPONSE
Which entrances are used most frequently?	N/A
Are there floor mats at entrances to the home?	No
Do occupants take shoes off at the door?	N/A
Which windows are opened most frequently?	N/A
Is there a window fan that is used during summer months?	N/A
Are window air conditioner used?	No
I need to dust test the window sill in this room for lead.	NI / A
When was the last time it was wiped down?	N/A
Does your family eat food grown in a garden?	N/A
Does your child play in this garden?	N/A
What cleaning methods do you use at home?	N/A
Which areas of the home get cleaned regularly?	N/A
Which areas of the home do NOT get cleaned regularly?	N/A

	OTHER HOUSEH	IOLD RISK FACTORS	
QUESTION			RESPONSE
Do you have a dog, cat,	or other pet that coul	d track soil or dust inside?	N/A
Does your child have ac	cess to any of the follo	owing?	
<ul> <li>Industrial (big) crayo</li> <li>Paints</li> <li>Dyes</li> <li>Coloring pigments</li> <li>Putty</li> </ul>	ons or markers Detergents Batteries Gear oil Pipe sealants	Shellacs Lacquers Epoxy resins Pesticides	N/A



				FREQUE	ENT A	REAS CHILD		5		
QUESTIO	N									RESPONSE
ls your ch	ild care	ed for a	away fro	m home	?					N/A
Child N	ame	Ту	pe of	Locat	ion of	<sup>-</sup> Care/Addr	-000	Number	of Hours/	Weeks at
	anne	C	are	LOCAL	.1011 01	Care/Audi	633		Location	
N/#	N/A N/A N/A							N/A		
Where do	es you	r child	like to s	leep, eat	, and	play?				
Child	Age	;	Bedroo	oms		Eats	Play	s Indoors	Plays O	utdoors
N/A	N/A		N/A			N/A	N/A		N/A	
			ELEVA	TED BLO	OD LE	AD LEVEL I	NFORM	NATION		
QUESTIO										RESPONSE
-		ove ch			own e	levated blo	od lea	d level test	?	N/A
Cł	nild		Test R			ous (V) or	Date	e of	Note	S
			(µg,	/dL)	Ca	pillary (C)	Tes	sts		
N	/A		N,	/Α		N/A	N/	Ά	N/A	
				CHILD B	EHAV	IOR RISK FA	ACTOR:	S		
QUESTIO			· // C'			2				RESPONSE
Does you										N/A
Does you				-		ceilings, st	aire w	oodwork		N/A
furniture	•		peemig	paint on	wans,	cenngs, st	an 5, w			No
	· ·		on painte	ed surfac	es, su	ch as painte	ed crib	s, window		
•			•		•	or broom h		•		N/A
Are there	bite m	arks fo	ound any	/where ir	n the h	nome, such	as chi	ld's crib,		No
furniture										NU
						k at painte				N/A
•				-		mouth? (Ex	•	-		N/A
						fishing sink				-
						pers, maga			outh?	N/A
When wa						efore meals	s or sn	acks?		N/A N/A
Pacifiers?			e the toy	/s were v	vasile	u :				N/A
Are there		oil area	as where	e the chil	d likes	to play?				N/A
	al wee	k this				ch time did	your	hild play		N/A
Has the c	• •		n eating	soil?						N/A
					share	ed with oth	er unit	s?		N/A
2000 01110		. p.u,								



# APPENDIX B - SITE INFORMATION

# <u>B-1: General Property Description:</u>

The overall condition of the house is fair. The exterior is vinyl sided with aluminum/vinyl wrapped trim. The windows are wood and steel. Stairs 7 on Side D1 the window is fixed. The entry doors are steel pre-hung and wood pre-hung. Kitchen 4 & 2<sup>nd</sup> floor cabinets are prefabricated. The exterior porches are concrete. There is no garage present.

# **B-2: Building Condition**

Exposure to lead is usually from lead-based paint. Lead-based paint becomes a source of lead exposure when the paint is deteriorated. Deteriorated paint is paint that is chipping or chalking, and may be caused by poor building conditions. A leaky roof is an example of a poor building condition that can cause paint to become deteriorated. Lead work cannot begin before building conditions causing paint to deteriorate are fixed. The building condition survey helps find these areas. "Yes" responses mean the building condition is poor and needs fixing.

## **BUILDING CONDITION SURVEY QUESTIONS & RESPONSES**

GENERAL PROPERTY CONDITION	
QUESTION	RESPONSE
What year was this building built?	1914
Has there been any lead testing done to this property	N/A
within the last year?	N/A
Were any external renovations done on a neighboring	
<pre>property? Repainting, remodeling, renovation, window</pre>	N/A
replacement, sanding, scraping or power washing	N/A
painted surfaces inside or outside of the home?	
Have nearby buildings or structures (bridge, water tower,	
homes, etc.) recently been repainted, demolished or	N/A
burned?	
Were any home renovations done to your home within	N/A
the past year?	N/A
Are you planning any building renovations?	N/A
Are you or the landlord planning any landscaping	N/A
activities?	N/A
Is building debris stored in the yard?	No
Other notable conditions:	No



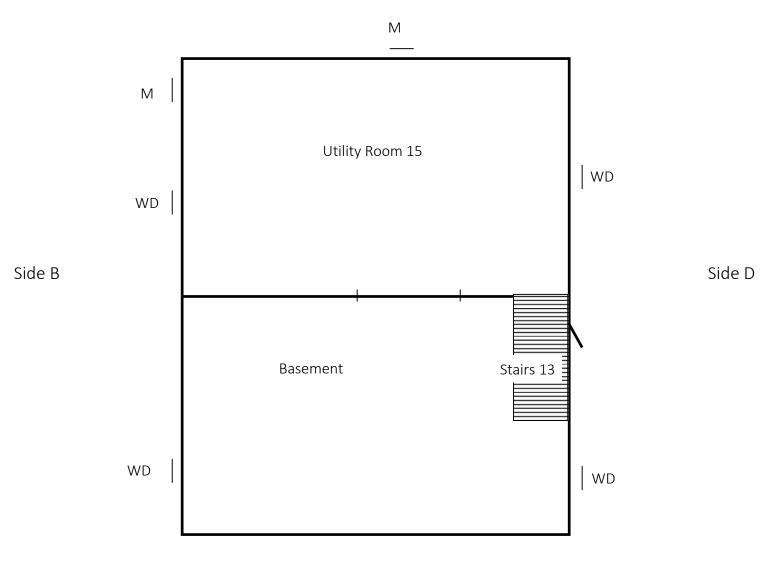
EXTERIOR BUILDING CONDITION	
QUESTION	RESPONSE
Is exterior siding missing components?	No
Is the roof missing parts?	No
Does the roof have holes or large cracks?	No
Are gutters or downspouts broken?	Yes
	Side C gutter
Are there two or more windows or doors missing, broken	Yes
or boarded up?	Stairs 7 Side D1
Does the porch or steps have major cracks, missing	No
materials, structural leans, or is it visibly unsound?	110
Do exterior walls have large cracks, or damage requiring	No
more than routine painting?	110
Does the foundation have damage, structural leans or is	No
it visibly unsound?	NO
Are chimney blocks or masonry joints cracked, with loose	
or missing components, out of plumb or otherwise	No
deteriorated?	
Other notable conditions:	No

INTERIOR BUILDING CONDITION	
QUESTION	RESPONSE
Has there been any recent water damage in the home?	N/A
Are there water stains on interior walls or ceilings?	No
Are plaster walls or ceilings deteriorated?	Yes
	All Rooms
Do interior walls have large cracks, or damage requiring	Yes
more than routine painting?	All Rooms
Is there any deteriorated paint in the home?	Yes
Are vinyl mini blinds present?	Yes
Does child have access?	N/A
*Is the bathtub deteriorated?	No
Does the child bathe in it?	N/A
*Follow MDHHS Residential Lead Hazard Control-Lead in Water Protocol	
Other notable conditions:	No



# **B-3: Floor Plans INTERIOR BASEMENT**

Side C



### Window types:

WD = Wood V = Vinyl AL = Aluminum M = Metal GB = Glass block ST = Steel F = Fixed BU = Boarded-up W# = Window NumberBW# = Basement Window Number

Dust wipe sample: HF = Hard Floor, CF = Carpeted Floor S = Window Sill, T = Window Trough, EPF = Exterior Porch Floor

### Soil samples: SS-1, SS-2, SS-3, etc.

### Water samples:

BF = Bathroom Faucet, KF=Kitchen Faucet, EF=Exterior Faucet, **BTF**=Bathroom Tub Faucet, **LF**=Laundry Faucet, **RF**=Refrigerator Faucet **WH** = Water Heater **WM** = Water meter

**CL**=Closet



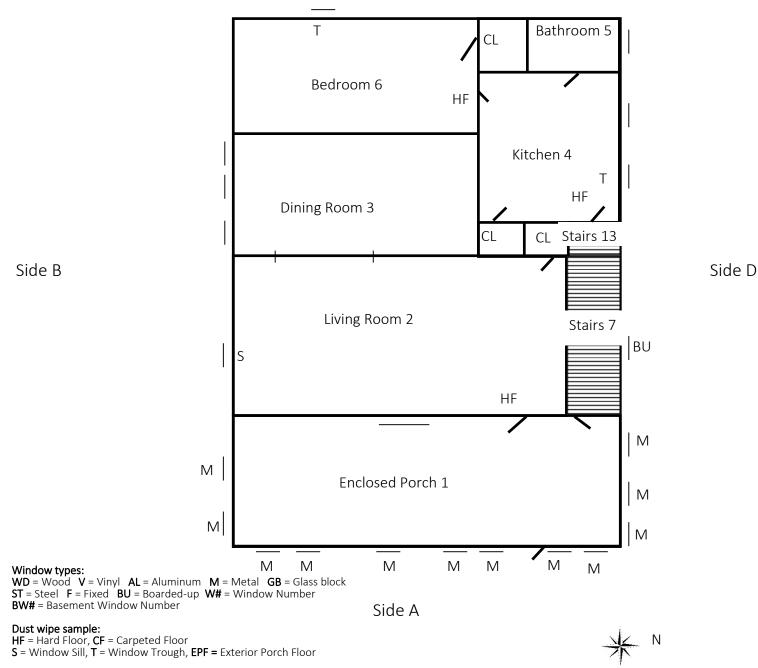
Side A

Ν

Side C

# INTERIOR FIRST FLOOR

\*All windows are wood unless noted



Soil samples: SS-1, SS-2, SS-3, etc.

### Water samples:

**CL**=Closet

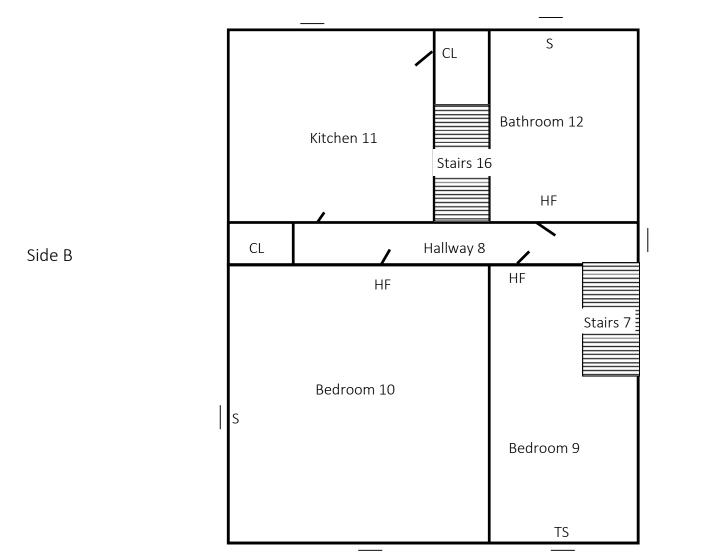


# <u>B-3: Floor Plans</u>

Side C

## INTERIOR SECOND FLOOR

\*All windows are wood.



### Window types:

WD = Wood V = Vinyl AL = Aluminum M = Metal GB = Glass block ST = Steel F = Fixed BU = Boarded-up W# = Window Number BW# = Basement Window Number

### Dust wipe sample:

**HF** = Hard Floor, **CF** = Carpeted Floor **S** = Window Sill, **T** = Window Trough, **EPF =** Exterior Porch Floor

Soil samples: SS-1, SS-2, SS-3, etc.

### Water samples:

**BF** = Bathroom Faucet, **KF**=Kitchen Faucet, **EF**=Exterior Faucet, **BTF**=Bathroom Tub Faucet, **LF**=Laundry Faucet, **RF**=Refrigerator Faucet **WH** = Water Heater **WM** = Water meter

**CL**=Closet



Side A



# Side D

ETC Job #:269256

\*All windows are wood.

**B-3: Floor Plans** 

**INTERIOR ATTIC** 

Stairs 16 Not Painted Attic 17 Not Painted

### Window types:

Side B

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{WD} = \textbf{Wood} \ \textbf{V} = \textbf{Vinyl} \ \textbf{AL} = \textbf{Aluminum} \ \textbf{M} = \textbf{Metal} \ \textbf{GB} = \textbf{Glass block} \\ \textbf{ST} = \textbf{Steel} \ \textbf{F} = \textbf{Fixed} \ \textbf{BU} = \textbf{Boarded-up} \ \textbf{W#} = \textbf{Window Number} \ \textbf{BV} \end{array}$ BW# = Basement Window Number

Dust wipe sample: HF = Hard Floor, CF = Carpeted Floor S = Window Sill, T = Window Trough, EPF = Exterior Porch Floor

Soil samples: SS-1, SS-2, SS-3, etc.

### Water samples:

BF = Bathroom Faucet, KF=Kitchen Faucet, EF=Exterior Faucet, **BTF**=Bathroom Tub Faucet, **LF**=Laundry Faucet, **RF**=Refrigerator Faucet **WH** = Water Heater **WM** = Water meter

**CL**=Closet



Side C

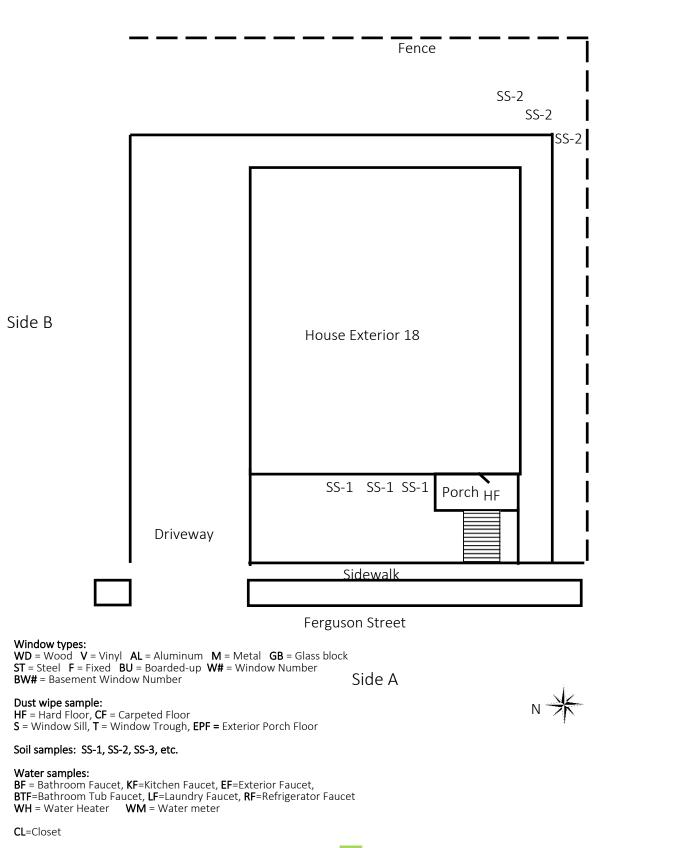
Side A

Side D

# <u>B-3: Floor Plans</u>

Side C

# EXTERIOR PROPERTY LAYOUT



Side D



Side A



Side B

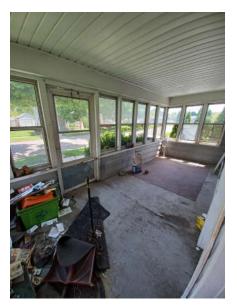


Side C



Side D





Enclosed Porch 1



Living Room 2



Dining Room 3



Kitchen 4





Bathroom 5



Bedroom 6



Stairs 7



Stairs 7 Side D2 Window





Hallway 8



Bedroom 9



Bedroom 10



Bedroom 10 Side A Window





Bedroom 10 Side B Window



Kitchen 11



Kitchen 11 Side C Window



Bathroom 12

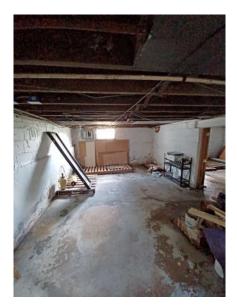




Bathroom 12 Side C



Stairs 13



Basement 14



Utility Room 15





Stairs 16



Attic 17



Bare Soil Side C



# APPENDIX C - LEAD: EDUCATION, TESTING, RESOURCES & LAWS

# C-1: Lead Education

## LEAD-BASED PAINT

Lead is a highly toxic metal. When we say paint, it includes:

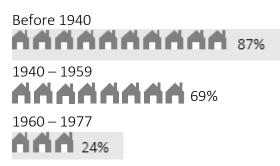
- Varnishes
- Lacquers
- Stains
- Coatings

- Enamels
- Glazes
- Primers

Lead-based paint is a paint that has lead in it. Lead is used in paint to:

- Brighten the color Speed up drying time
- Reduce corrosion (weathering / wear and tear)

Lead was commonly used in household paint in homes built before **1978**. In 1978, the federal government banned the use of lead-based paint in homes (for consumers). The older the home, the more likely it is to have lead-based paint.



# LEAD-HAZARDS

A lead-hazard is when lead is present in a surface and that surface is deteriorating or breaking down. There are specific definitions for different lead-hazards.

- Lead-Based Paint Hazard —any lead-based paint, including lead dust and soil that would have an adverse effect on human health.
- **Dust-Lead Hazard** surface dust in a residence containing an area or mass concentration of lead equal to or in excess of:
  - $\circ$  10 µg/ft<sup>2</sup> (micrograms per square feet) on floors
  - $\circ$  40 µg/ft<sup>2</sup> on porches
  - ο 100 µg/ft<sup>2</sup>on interior window sills
  - $\circ$  100 µg/ft<sup>2</sup>on window troughs
- Soil-Lead Hazard bare soil (soil not covered with grass, sod, some other vegetation, or paving, including the sand in sandboxes) on a residential property that contains lead in excess of:
  - 400 ppm (parts per million) in play areas (*an area of frequent soil contact by children (e.g., sandboxes, swing sets, etc.)*) and vegetable gardens.
  - 1200 ppm in the rest of the yard.



To correct lead-hazards, there are two options:

- Abatement
  - The permanent elimination of lead-based paint hazards. This includes:
    - Removal of building components coated with lead-based paint
    - Removal of dust-lead hazards
    - Removal of soil-lead hazards
    - Overlaying soil with durable covering such as asphalt
    - Enclosing lead-based paint hazards
    - Coating lead-based paint hazards with approved encapsulant ("a thick liquid used to cover lead-based paint")
  - This method requires:

- PreparationCleanup
  - Post abatement clearance testing
- Recordkeeping

Waste disposal

Monitoring (if applicable)

- Interim Control
  - A temporary measure to reduce exposure to lead-based paint hazards. This includes, but is not limited to:
    - Preparing and painting lead-based paint hazards
    - Treatment of friction and impact surfaces
    - Specialized cleaning
    - Landscaping over soil-lead hazards (e.g., grass or sod)
    - Monitoring (conducted by property owner or tenant)
    - Re-evaluation (conducted by a certified lead professional)

For further information, please call MDHHS Healthy Homes Section at 517-335-9390.

## LEAD EXPOSURE

Exposure to lead happens during the application, removal and failure of integrity (deterioration) of lead-based paint or from soil lead hazards. Deteriorated paint includes:

• Any paint coating that is peeling, chipping, blistering, flaking, worn, chalking, cracking, or otherwise becoming separated from the painted surface.

Lead-based paint breaks down into:

- <u>Paint chips</u> chips are paint pieces that are detached from the original painted surface. Chips include paint that is peeling, chipping, chalking or cracked.
- <u>Dust</u> dust is created when lead paint is scraped, dry sanded, heated or burned, or when painted surfaces rub together (opening / closing windows and doors). **Dust is the most common source of lead exposure among children.** 
  - Dust from lead-based paint can also contaminate the soil. This can be a source of exposure when children play on the ground, or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes.



Lead chips and dust settle on surfaces and objects people touch. Settled lead dust can re-enter the air when people:

- Vacuum or sweep
- When they or their pet walk through it
- When windows or doors are open and allow air to circulate
- When fans circulate air
- Or any other time air is moving in the home

There are <u>other sources</u> of lead exposure. Lead is found in products that you may have in your home. These household items include:

- Painted toys; painted furniture
- Toy jewelry; cosmetics (makeup)
- Plumbing products like pipes and fixtures
- Food or liquid containers made of lead crystal or lead-glazed pottery or porcelain

Lead is present for some **jobs and hobbies**. These jobs and hobbies can bring lead home with you on your clothes or hands. Jobs and hobbies include:

- Renovation and painting
- Mining
- Smelting
- Battery recycling
- Refinishing old furniture
- Auto body work

- Shooting ranges
- Hunting (shot)
- Fishing (fishing sinkers and jigs)
- Stained glass (came and solder)
- Stock cars (weights used in stock cars)
- Making pottery (dyes and glazes

### To reduce lead exposure from your job or hobby:

- Do not put leaded items in your mouth (fishing sinkers, etc.)
- Wash hands before eating or drinking
- Avoid touching your face while working with lead materials
- Change clothes before entering home
- Wash clothes separately from other family members clothes

### To reduce lead exposure in the home:

- Regularly wash hands, toys, and horizontal surfaces with wet methods. This method of cleaning includes:
  - Washing surfaces with soapy water
  - Using disposable cleaning materials (paper towel)
- Vacuum with a High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtered vacuum
- Take shoes off before entering the home or living areas
- Cover lead exposed soil with fruitless plant materials



## HEALTH EFFECTS OF LEAD EXPOSURE

Lead is a highly toxic metal. There is no safe level of lead exposure. Lead poisoning occurs when lead enters into the body through either: inhalation (breathing in) or ingestion (eating). Children under the age of six (6) are especially vulnerable to lead poisoning. They have a greater exposure to lead through:

- Frequent hand-to-mouth activity (mouthing objects).
- Consuming more food and drink, and breathing more air per kilogram of body weight than adults.
- Digesting 4-5 times more lead from the gut than adults.
- Nutritional deficiencies, such as an iron deficiency (which increases the bioavailability of lead meaning it makes lead more available to enter the body).

Children under the age of six (6), their bodies and nervous system is not fully developed. One of the systems lead affects is the nervous system. Lead is a multi-system toxicant, causing:

- Brain and nervous system damage
- Decreased IQ
- Learning difficulties
- Speech, language, and behavior problems
- Hearing problems
- Slow or reduced growth

- Muscle or joint pain
- Reproductive problems (adult)
- Digestive problems
- Kidney damage
- Anemia
- High blood pressure

## C-2: Lead Testing Procedures

## PAINT

To test for lead in paint, an XRF instrument is used. XRF stands for "X-Ray Fluorescence."

To measure lead, this device uses low level radiation. The radiation excites atoms within painted surfaces. Excitement, or movement, of atoms causes radiation to rebound back to the device. This rebound tells the device if lead is present. Lead is determined present if the level is 1 microgram per square centimeter ( $\mu$ g/cm<sup>2</sup>) or more.

Appendix D-2 details the XRF device used.

## DUST

Dust is collected using dust wipes. Dust wipes are disposable cloths used to collect dust. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) provides dust wipe best practices. HUD requests inspectors to:

- Use one dust wipe per sample area.
- Collect dust in a measured area. The measured area is 12" x 12" on a floor or a minimum of 14.4 square inches on a window or window trough.
- Open the dust wipe with a gloved hand.
- Perform dust wipe using "S" motions in sample area.
- Put the dust wipe sample into a labeled tube or container.
- Label states property location, sample location, and size of sample area.
- Send samples to trace metals laboratory.
- Report results in micrograms per square foot ( $\mu$ g/ ft<sup>2</sup>).



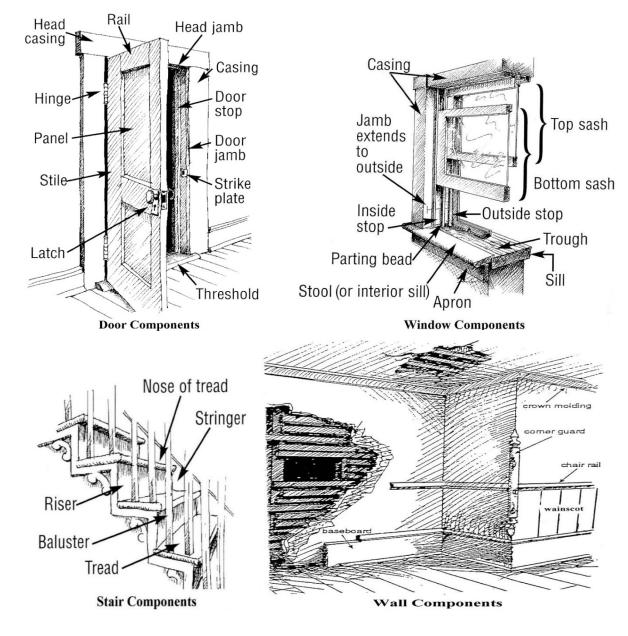
## SOIL

Soil is collected using HUD best practices.

A soil sample comes from the upper ½ inch of soil. Garden soil is tested 4-6" (inches) down. All soil must come from soil on the property. Areas may include sandboxes, child play areas, and the roof drip line. A trace metals laboratory analyzes the soil for lead. Soil sample results are reported in parts per million (ppm).

## HOUSING COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

Please use the photos/diagrams below as a guide to help identify housing components noted in this report. Diagrams adopted from Lead Paint Safety: A Field Guide for Painting, Home Maintenance, and Renovation Work, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Lead Hazard Control, June 1999.





## LEAD HAZARD CORRECTION COST ESTIMATES

Window replacement	\$500 - \$600
Wood window replacement	\$900 - \$1200
Window jamb liners	\$350 - \$500
Siding exterior	\$400 - \$600 square (square = 100 square feet)
Painting exterior	\$275 - \$400 square
Exterior door replacement	\$750 - \$900
Interior door replacement	\$300 - \$450
Friction/impact door	\$250 - \$400
E-cap baseboards	\$200 - \$400 per room
Paint baseboards	\$200 - \$300 per room
Stair system w/rubber	\$400 - \$800
Lead cleaning	\$100 - \$200 per room

# C-3: Your Responsibilities

## **RE-EVALUATION & MONITORING SCHEDULE**

## Monitor Potential Lead Hazards Two Ways After Abatement/Interim Controls Completed:

Visual Survey:	Perform one month and six months after lead hazard work. Perform once each year if no problems found. <b>Visual survey is completed by homeowner</b> .
	Visual survey includes:
	<ul> <li>Looking at painted surfaces known to have lead and see if paint is in good repair.</li> <li>Looking at areas lead hazards fixed to see if in good repair.</li> <li>Finding problems with the building that could cause new lead hazards.</li> </ul>
Re-Evaluate:	Every two years <b>a certified risk assessor</b> re-evaluates the building.
	This includes:
	<ul> <li>Measuring dust for lead.</li> <li>Measuring soil for lead.</li> <li>Assessing potential lead-based paint hazards.</li> </ul>



## FUTURE OWNERS OF THIS PROPERTY

A summary of this report must be shared with future tenants or owners of a pre-1978 property. Federal law (24 CFR part 35 and 40 CFR part 745) requires this report be shared before they become obligated under a lease or sales contract.

Landlords (lessors) and sellers are required to:

- Distribute an educational pamphlet. This pamphlet is approved from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The document is: "*Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home.*"
- Include standard warning language in lease or sale contracts. This is to ensure parents have information they need to protect their children from lead hazards.

Contact 800-424-LEAD (5323) for information about your obligations under federal regulations.

## NOTICE TO LANDLORDS

#### Landlord Penalty Law

If a child with an elevated blood lead level is identified in your rental unit you are responsible for ensuring that lead hazards identified in the elevated blood lead level report have been properly addressed. The following must be followed to avoid receiving penalties assessed through the Michigan Lead Abatement Act.

- If you conduct the work on your rental unit you must be certified through the EPA RRP Program or certified through the Michigan Lead Abatement Program. Depending on the method used to correct the hazard, you must follow applicable laws to ensure appropriate work practices are followed.
- Hire a lead abatement contractor; please see the certified list located at <u>www.michigan.gov/leadsafe</u>.
- Check eligibility for work through the Lead Safe Home Program, please see webpage for details.

Any questions regarding compliance with the Landlord Penalty Act please email <u>HHSInfo@michigan.gov</u> or call 517-335-9390.



# APPENDIX D – ALL XRF RESULTS & DEVICE USED

# <u>D-1: Results</u>

## ALL XRF RESULTS

					TABL	e 8: All	. XRF RESUL	TS					
READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	теетн
1	1	Positive	Calibrate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	0.7	Negative	Calibrate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	0.7	Negative	Calibrate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	0.6	Negative	Door Casing	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Enclosed Porch	1	-	-	-
5	0.7	Negative	Door Stop	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Enclosed Porch	1	-	-	-
6	0	Negative	Door Jamb	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Enclosed Porch	1	-	-	-
7	0.1	Negative	Door	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Enclosed Porch	1	-	-	-
8	0.1	Negative	Door Threshold	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Enclosed Porch	1	-	-	-
9	0.7	Negative	Floor	Floor	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Wood	Enclosed Porch	1	-	-	-
10	0.2	Negative	Win. Casing	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
11	0.2	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
12	0.2	Negative	Win. Stop Int.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
13	0.2	Negative	Win. Apron	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
14	0.2	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
15	5.7	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Weather	Yes	No
16	18.9	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Weather	Yes	No
17	13.1	Positive	Win. Jamb	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Friction	Yes	No
18	12.2	Positive	Win. Part Bead	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Friction	Yes	No



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	теетн
19	10.7	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Weather	Yes	No
20	0.1	Negative	Door Casing	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
21	0.1	Negative	Door Jamb	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
22	0	Negative	Clos. Door	С	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
23	0	Negative	Clos. Door Jamb	С	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
24	0.1	Negative	Clos. Door Stop	С	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
25	0.2	Negative	Clos. Door Casing	С	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
26	0	Negative	Clos. Baseboard	С	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
27	0.5	Negative	Shelf Bracket	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
28	1.8	Positive	Clos. Shelf	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	Impact	Yes	No
29	2.1	Positive	Clos. Wall	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Living Room	2	Impact	No	No
30	0.1	Negative	Column	С	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
31	0	Negative	Beam	С	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
32	0	Negative	Ledge	С	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
33	0.4	Negative	Wall	А	-	Grey	INTACT	Drywall	Living Room	2	-	-	-
34	0.2	Negative	Wall	В	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Living Room	2	-	-	-
35	0.3	Negative	Wall	С	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Living Room	2	-	-	-
36	0.4	Negative	Wall	D	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Living Room	2	-	-	-
37	0.2	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Living Room	2	-	-	-
38	0	Negative	Crown Molding	Ceiling	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
39	0.1	Negative	Baseboard	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
40	0.2	Negative	Shoe Mold	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
41	0	Negative	Door Casing	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
				All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2			



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	ТЕЕТН
43	0.3	Negative	Win. Casing	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
44	0.1	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
45	0.2	Negative	Win. Stop Int.	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
46	0.1	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
47	0.1	Negative	Win. Mullion	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Living Room	2	-	-	-
48	5.4	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Weather	Yes	No
49	17	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Weather	Yes	No
50	12.3	Positive	Win. Jamb	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Friction	Yes	No
51	10.2	Positive	Win. Part Bead	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Friction	Yes	No
52	14.5	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	Weather	Yes	No
53	0.1	Negative	Cabinet Casing	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
54	0.1	Negative	Cabinet Drawer	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
55	0	Negative	Ledge	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
56	0.1	Negative	Baseboard	All	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
57	0.3	Negative	Wall	В	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
58	0.5	Negative	Wall	С	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
59	0.2	Negative	Wall	D	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
60	0.2	Negative	Floor	Floor	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
61	0.2	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
62	0.1	Negative	Beam	Ceiling	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
63	0.2	Negative	Shoe Mold	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Dining Room	3	-	-	-
64	0.2	Negative	Door Casing	All	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
65	0	Negative	Door Stop	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
66	0	Negative	Door Jamb	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	ТЕЕТН
67	0.1	Negative	Door Stop	В	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
68	0	Negative	Door Jamb	В	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
69	0.2	Negative	Win. Casing	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
70	0.1	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
71	0.1	Negative	Win. Apron	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
72	0.7	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
73	0.2	Negative	Win. Stop Int.	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
74	0.1	Negative	Win. Jamb	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
75	0.1	Negative	Win. Well-Trough	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
76	0.2	Negative	Win. Casing	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
77	0.1	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
78	0.1	Negative	Win. Stop Int.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
79	0.1	Negative	Win. Apron	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
80	0.3	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
81	15.9	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	Weather	Yes	No
82	11.9	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	Weather	Yes	No
83	13.8	Positive	Win. Jamb	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	Friction	Yes	No
84	11.5	Positive	Win. Part Bead	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	4	Friction	Yes	No
85	15.5	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	D	2	White	INTACT	Metal	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
86	0.1	Negative	Clos. Door	А	-	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
87	0.2	Negative	Clos. Door Jamb	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
88	0.1	Negative	Clos. Door Stop	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
89	0.1	Negative	Clos. Door Casing	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
90	0.6	Negative	Shelf Bracket	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	ТЕЕТН
91	1.1	Positive	Clos. Shelf	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
92	0.2	Negative	Clos. Baseboard	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
93	0.3	Negative	Clos. Wall	А	-	White	INTACT	Drywall	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
94	0.3	Negative	Pipe	А	-	White	INTACT	Metal	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
95	0	Negative	Baseboard	В	(All)	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
96	0.2	Negative	Wall	А	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
97	0.1	Negative	Wall	В	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
98	0.3	Negative	Wall	С	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
99	0.1	Negative	Wall	D	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Drywall	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
100	0	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Kitchen	4	-	-	-
101	0.2	Negative	Door	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
102	0	Negative	Door Casing	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
103	0	Negative	Win. Casing	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
104	0	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
105	0	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
106	0	Negative	Win. Stop Int.	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
107	0.9	Negative	Win. Stop Ext.	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
108	1	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
109	0	Negative	Win. Jamb	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
110	0.4	Negative	Win. Part Bead	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
111	1	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	D	-	White	INTACT	Metal	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
112	0.2	Negative	Wall	А	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
113	0	Negative	Wall	В	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
114	0.2	Negative	Wall	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bathroom	5	-	-	-



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	ТЕЕТН
115	0	Negative	Wall	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
116	0	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bathroom	5	-	-	-
117	0	Negative	Door Casing	D	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
118	0.1	Negative	Door Stop	D	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
119	0	Negative	Door Jamb	D	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
120	0.1	Negative	Clos. Door	D	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
121	0.1	Negative	Clos. Door Jamb	D	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
122	0	Negative	Clos. Door Stop	D	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
123	0.1	Negative	Clos. Door Casing	D	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
124	0.1	Negative	Clos. Baseboard	D	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
125	0	Negative	Shelf Bracket	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
126	0.1	Negative	Clos. Shelf	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
127	0.1	Negative	Clos. Wall	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
128	0	Negative	Win. Casing	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
129	0.1	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
130	0.2	Negative	Win. Apron	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
131	0	Negative	Win. Stop Int.	С	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
132	0.1	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	С	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
133	0.1	Negative	Win. Sash Ext.	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
134	0	Negative	Win. Well-Trough	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
135	0	Negative	Win. Jamb	С	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
136	0.1	Negative	Baseboard	А	(All)	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
137	0	Negative	Floor	Floor	-	Stain	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
138	0.1	Negative	Wall Register	А	-	White	Deteriorated	Metal	Bedroom	6	-	-	-



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	ТЕЕТН
139	0	Negative	Wall	А	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
140	0.1	Negative	Wall	В	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
141	0.1	Negative	Wall	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
142	0	Negative	Wall	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
143	0.2	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	Deteriorated	Drywall	Bedroom	6	-	-	-
144	5	Positive	Door Threshold	A	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
145	3.8	Positive	Win. Casing	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	No	No
146	22.6	Positive	Win. Jamb	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
147	21.4	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
148	21.3	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
149	19.5	Positive	Win. Casing	С	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	No	No
150	20.8	Positive	Win. Casing	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	No	No
151	22.6	Positive	Win. Jamb	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
152	21.4	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
153	21.3	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Weather	Yes	No
154	18.4	Positive	Door	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Friction	Yes	No
155	13	Positive	Door Stop	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Impact	Yes	No
156	11.7	Positive	Door Jamb	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Exterior House	18	Friction	Yes	No
157	0	Negative	Door Casing	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Hallway	8	-	-	-
158	0.1	Negative	Door Stop	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Hallway	8	-	-	-
159	0	Negative	Door Jamb	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Hallway	8	-	-	-
160	0	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	INTACT	Plaster	Hallway	8	-	-	-
161	0	Negative	Wall	А	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Hallway	8	-	-	-
162	0	Negative	Wall	С	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Hallway	8	-	-	_



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	теетн
163	0	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	INTACT	Plaster	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
164	0	Negative	Wall	А	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
165	0.4	Negative	Wall	В	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
166	0	Negative	Wall	С	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
167	0.5	Negative	Wall	D	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
168	0	Negative	Baseboard	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
169	0.1	Negative	Cabinet	D	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
170	0	Negative	Door Casing	С	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
171	0	Negative	Door Jamb	С	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
172	0	Negative	Win. Casing	А	(All)	White	INTACT	Wood	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
173	0.3	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	А	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	9	-	-	-
174	13.7	Positive	Win. Jamb	Α	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	9	Friction	Yes	No
175	0	Negative	Door Jamb	С	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
176	0.2	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
177	0.7	Negative	Wall	А	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Plaster	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
178	0.4	Negative	Wall	В	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Plaster	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
179	0	Negative	Wall	С	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Plaster	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
180	0.3	Negative	Wall	D	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Plaster	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
181	0.1	Negative	Baseboard	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
182	0.1	Negative	Wall Register	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Metal	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
183	0.1	Negative	Clos. Door Casing	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
184	0.7	Negative	Clos. Wall	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
185	1.3	Positive	Win. Casing	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Impact	Yes	No
186	0	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	-	-	-



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	ТЕЕТН
187	0	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	-	-	-
188	0.3	Negative	Ceiling	A	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
189	0.6	Negative	Wall	A	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
190	0	Negative	Wall	В	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
191	0.3	Negative	Wall	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
192	0.1	Negative	Wall	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
193	0.1	Negative	Baseboard	D	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
194	0	Negative	Door Casing	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
195	0	Negative	Door Jamb	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
196	0	Negative	Win. Casing	С	(All)	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
197	0	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	С	(All)	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
198	0	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	С	(All)	White	INTACT	Wood	Kitchen	11	-	-	-
199	0.1	Negative	Ceiling	А	-	White	INTACT	Plaster	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
200	0.6	Negative	Wall	А	-	White	INTACT	Plaster	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
201	0	Negative	Wall	В	-	White	INTACT	Plaster	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
202	0	Negative	Wall	С	-	White	INTACT	Plaster	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
203	0.5	Negative	Wall	D	-	White	INTACT	Plaster	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
204	0	Negative	Door Casing	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
205	0	Negative	Door Jamb	А	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
206	0	Negative	Win. Casing	С	-	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
207	0.1	Negative	Win. Casing	С	(All)	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
208	0.2	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	С	(All)	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
209	0.1	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	С	(All)	White	INTACT	Wood	Bathroom	12	-	-	-
210	0.1	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	INTACT	Plaster	Stairwell	7	-	-	-



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	ТЕЕТН
211	0.5	Negative	Wall	А	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
212	0	Negative	Wall	В	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
213	0	Negative	Wall	С	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
214	0.2	Negative	Wall	D	-	Grey	INTACT	Plaster	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
215	0.3	Negative	Win. Casing	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
216	0.1	Negative	Win. Sill-Stool	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
217	0.2	Negative	Win. Stop Int.	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
218	0.1	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
219	0.1	Negative	Win. Apron	All	(All)	Stain	INTACT	Wood	Stairwell	7	-	-	-
220	19.5	Positive	Win. Jamb	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Friction	Yes	No
221	18.7	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
222	16.5	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
223	0.3	Negative	Ceiling	Ceiling	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
224	0.4	Negative	Wall	В	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
225	0.1	Negative	Wall	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
226	0.4	Negative	Wall	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Plaster	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
227	0.2	Negative	Door Casing	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
228	0.1	Negative	Door Jamb	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
229	0	Negative	Door Stop	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
230	0	Negative	Stair Riser	С	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Wood	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
		Negativo	Stair Stringer	С	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Wood	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
231	0.1	Negative	Stall Stilliger										
	0.1	Negative	Stair Tread	С	-	Grey	Deteriorated	Wood	Basement Stair	13	-	-	-
231		-			-	Grey <b>White</b>	Deteriorated Deteriorated	Wood Wood	Basement Stair Basement Stair	13 <b>13</b>	- Impact	- Yes	- No



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	теетн
235	0	Negative	Wall	В	-	White	Deteriorated	Concrete	Basement	14	-	-	-
236	0	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Basement	14	-	-	-
237	0	Negative	Wall	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Concrete	Basement	14	-	-	-
238	0	Negative	Wall	А	-	White	Deteriorated	Concrete	Utility Room	15	-	-	-
239	0.2	Negative	Wall	В	-	White	Deteriorated	Concrete	Utility Room	15	-	-	-
240	0	Negative	Wall	С	-	White	Deteriorated	Concrete	Utility Room	15	-	-	-
241	0	Negative	Wall	D	-	White	Deteriorated	Concrete	Utility Room	15	-	-	-
242	0	Negative	Win. Sash Int.	В	(All)	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Utility Room	15	-	-	-
243	1	Positive	Calibrate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
244	1	Positive	Calibrate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
245	1	Positive	Calibrate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A1	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	Α	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A2	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	Α	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A3	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Friction	Yes	No
A4	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	Α	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Friction	Yes	No
A5	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	Α	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A6	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A7	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A8	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Friction	Yes	No
A9	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Friction	Yes	No
A10	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	В	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bedroom	10	Weather	Yes	No
A11	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Weather	Yes	No
A12	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Weather	Yes	No
A13	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Friction	Yes	No



READING #	MG/CM <sup>2</sup>	RESULT	COMPONENTS	SIDE	SIDE #	COLOR	CONDITION	SUBSTRATE	ROOM TYPE	ROOM #	COND CAUSE	FRIC- IMP	ТЕЕТН
A14	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Friction	Yes	No
A15	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Kitchen	11	Weather	Yes	No
A16	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Weather	Yes	No
A17	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Weather	Yes	No
A18	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Friction	Yes	No
A19	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Friction	Yes	No
A20	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	С	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Bathroom	12	Weather	Yes	No
A21	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
A22	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
A23	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Friction	Yes	No
A24	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Friction	Yes	No
A25	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	D	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Stairwell	7	Weather	Yes	No
A26	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	Α	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A27	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A28	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Friction	Yes	No
A29	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	А	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Friction	Yes	No
A30	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	Α	1	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A31	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Sash Ext.	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A32	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Stop Ext.	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No
A33	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Jamb	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Friction	Yes	No
A34	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Part Bead	Α	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Friction	Yes	No
A35	ASSUMED	Positive	Win. Well-Trough	А	2	White	Deteriorated	Wood	Attic	17	Weather	Yes	No

\* HUD reporting limits for positive XRF results are  $\geq$ 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> for painted or glazed surfaces.



## D-2: XRF Device Used

#### Viken Pb200i

Viken Detection PCS December 2020

## Performance Characteristic Sheet

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 1, 2020

#### MANUFACTURER AND MODEL:

Make:	Viken Detection	(previously Heuresis)
-------	-----------------	-----------------------

- Models: Model Pb200i
- Source: <sup>57</sup>Co, 5 mCi (nominal new source)

#### FIELD OPERATION GUIDANCE

#### Action Level Setting:

0.5 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### **OPERATING PARAMETERS:**

Action Level mode

#### XRF CALIBRATION CHECK LIMITS:

0.8 to 1.2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> (inclusive) at Action Level setting =  $1.0 \text{ mg/cm}^2$ 

#### SUBSTRATE CORRECTION:

Not applicable

#### INCONCLUSIVE RANGE OR THRESHOLD:

ACTION LEVEL MODE READING DESCRIPTION	SUBSTRATE	THRESHOLD (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
	Brick	0.4 - 0.6
Results not corrected for substrate bias on	Concrete	0.4 - 0.6
any substrate	Drywall	0.4 - 0.6
	Metal	0.4 - 0.6
	Plaster	0.4 - 0.6
	Wood	0.4 - 0.6



#### BACKGROUND INFORMATION

#### EVALUATION DATA SOURCE AND DATE:

This sheet is supplemental information to be used in conjunction with Chapter 7 of the HUD *Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing*, 2012 Edition ("HUD Guidelines"). Performance parameters shown on this sheet are calculated using test results on building components in the HUD archive. Testing was conducted on 146 test samples in January 2020, with two separate instruments running software version Pb200i 5.0 (DEBUG version) in Action Level test mode. The actual source strength of each instrument on the day of testing was approximately 2.9 mCi; source ages were approximately 9 months.

#### **OPERATING PARAMETERS**

Performance parameters shown in this sheet are applicable only when properly operating the instrument using the manufacturer's instructions and procedures described in Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines.

### XRF CALIBRATION CHECK:

The calibration of the XRF instrument should be checked with the Action Level set to 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

using the paint film nearest 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> in the NIST Standard Reference Material (SRM) used

(e.g., for NIST SRM 2579, use the 1.02 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> film; for NIST SRM 2579a, use the 1.04 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> film).

If the average (rounded to 1 decimal place) of three readings is outside the acceptable calibration check range, follow the manufacturer's instructions to bring the instrument into control before XRF testing proceeds.

### EVALUATING THE QUALITY OF XRF TESTING:

Randomly select ten testing combinations for retesting from each house or from two randomly selected units in multifamily housing.

Conduct XRF re-testing at the ten testing combinations selected for retesting.

Determine if the XRF testing in the units or house passed or failed the test by applying the steps below. Compute the Retest Tolerance Limit by the following steps:

Determine XRF results for the original and retest XRF readings. In single-family and multi-family housing, a result is defined as a single reading. Therefore, there will be ten original and ten retest XRF results for each house or for the two selected units.

Calculate the average of the original XRF result and the retest XRF result for each testing combination.

Square the average for each testing combination.

Add the ten squared averages together. Call this quantity C.

Multiply the number C by 0.0072. Call this quantity D. Add the number 0.032 to D. Call this quantity E.

Take the square root of E. Call this quantity F.



Multiply F by 1.645. The result is the Retest Tolerance Limit.

Compute the average of all ten original XRF readings.

Compute the average of all ten re-test XRF readings.

Find the absolute difference of the two averages.

If the difference is less than the Retest Tolerance Limit, the inspection has passed the retest. If the difference of the overall averages equals or exceeds the Retest Tolerance Limit, this procedure should be repeated with ten new testing combinations. If the difference of the overall averages is equal to or greater than the Retest Tolerance Limit a second time, then the inspection should be considered deficient.

Use of this procedure is estimated to produce a spurious result approximately 1% of the time. That is, results of this procedure will call for further examination when no examination is warranted in approximately 1 out of 100 dwelling units tested.

#### **TESTING TIMES:**

The instrument time to take a reading varied within a narrow range from 5 to 6 seconds, with a small number (3%) of longer times from 7 to 11 seconds. The longer readings were almost all on wood substrates. This range of reading times applies only to instruments with the same source strength as those tested (2.9 mCi at the time of PCS testing). Instruments with stronger sources will have shorter reading times and those with weaker sources, longer reading times.

### CLASSIFICATION OF RESULTS:

XRF results are classified as **positive** if they are **greater than or equal** to 0.6 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, *negative* if they are *less than or equal* to 0.4 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> and *inconclusive* if they are *equal* to 0.5 mg/ cm<sup>2</sup>.

### DOCUMENTATION:

This XRF Performance Characteristic Sheet (PCS) was developed by QuanTech, Inc., under a contract with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes.

A report titled *Methodology for XRF Performance Characteristic Sheets* (EPA 747-R-95-008) provides an explanation of the statistical methodology used to develop Performance Characteristic Sheets at the Federal standard (Action Level) of 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, and provides empirical results from using the recommended inconclusive ranges or thresholds for specific XRF instruments. The report may be downloaded at <u>http://www2.epa.gov/lead/methodology-xrf-performance-characteristic-sheets-epa-747-r-95-008-september-1997</u>. The methodology was subsequently generalized by QuanTech for application to other Action Levels.



# APPENDIX E – LABORATORIES USED & ORIGINAL LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORTS

## E-1: Laboratories Used

Trace Metals Laboratory used to test dust and soil samples: ACCURATE Analytical Testing LLC 30105 Beverly Road Romulus, MI 48174 1-734-629-8161

## E-2: Original Laboratory Analysis Reports

All of the original laboratory analysis reports for any samples that were sent for testing are included in the following pages.





AAT Project : 1030184 Sampling Date : 05/13/2024 Date Received : 05/17/2024 Date Analyzed : 05/21/2024 Date Reported : 05/21/2024

#### Certificate of Analysis: Lead In Dust Wipe by EPA Method 7000B/NIOSH 7082\*

Client :		Environmental Testing and Consulting R 38900 Huron River Drive				
	Romulus,	MI 48174				
Attn :	ETC		Email :	labresults@2etc.com		
Phone :	734-955-0	6600	Fax :	734-955-6604		
Client Project :		269256				

Project Location : 123 Ferguson, Lansing, MI 48912

Lab Sample ID	Client Code	Sample Description	Length (inch)	Width (inch)	Area (Sq ft)	Results Lead µg/ft2 *
9423248	FB1	N/A Field Blank	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/D
9423249	DW01	HF Living Room 2 Floor	12	12	1.00	31.2
9423250	DW02	S Living Room 2 Sill B1	53	3.5	1.29	1130
9423251	DW03	HF Kitchen 4 Floor	12	12	1.00	219
9423252	DW04	T Kitchen 4 Trough D2	38.75	1.25	0.34	5590
9423253	DW05	HF Bedroom 6 Floor	12	12	1.00	29.3
9423254	DW06	T Bedroom 6 Trough C1	40.125	1.75	0.49	88.3
9423255	DW07	HF Bedroom 9 Floor	12	12	1.00	11.5
9423256	DW08	S Bedroom 9 Sill A1	35	3.25	0.79	89.9
9423257	DW09	T Bedroom 9 Trough A1	36	1.5	0.38	4900
9423258	DW10	HF Bedroom 10 Floor	12	12	1.00	12.5
9423259	DW11	S Bedroom 10 Sill B1	34.75	3.25	0.78	990
9423260	DW12	HF Bathroom 12 Floor	12	12	1.00	30.3
9423261	DW13	S Bathroom 12 Sill C1	34.75	3.25	0.78	267
9423262	DW14	Porch A A Side	12	12	1.00	7.13

ND = Not Detected, N/A = Not Available, RL = Reporting Limit, Analytical Reporting Limit is 5 ug/sample. For true values assume (3) significant figures. AAT internal SOP S205. The method and batch QC are acceptable unless otherwise stated. EPA Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Floors, Carpeted/Uncarpeted), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Sill/Stools), 400 ug/ft2 (Window Trough/Well/Ext Concrete Surfaces). HUD Grantee Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Interior Floors), 40 ug/ft2 (Porch Floors), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Sills), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Trough/Well/Ext Concrete Surfaces). HUD Grantee Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Interior Floors), 40 ug/ft2 (Porch Floors), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Sills), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Trough/Well/Ext Concrete Surfaces). HUD Grantee Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Interior Floors), 40 ug/ft2 (Porch Floors), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Sills), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Trough/Well/Ext Concrete Surfaces). HUD Grantee Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Interior Floors), 40 ug/ft2 (Porch Floors), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Trough/Well/Ext Concrete Surfaces). HUD Grantee Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Interior Floors), 40 ug/ft2 (Porch Floors), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Trough). The laboratory operates in accord with ISO 17025 guidelines and holds limited scopes of accreditation under AlHA-LAP and NY State DOH ELAP programs. These results are submitted pursuant to AAT, LLC current terms and conditions of sale, including the company's standard warranty and limitation of liability provisions. Analytical results relate to the samples as received by the lab. AAT will not assume any liability or responsibility for the manner in which the results are used or interpreted. All Quality Control requirements for the samples this report contains have been met. AAT does not blank correct reported values. Sample data apply only to items analyzed. Results are calculated with wipe dimensions supplied by client. Reproduction of this document other than in its entirety is not authorized by AAT, LLC. \* Validated modified method. Samples are stored for 15 days fol



AIHA LAP- Lab ID #100986, NY State DOH ELAP -Lab ID #11864, State of Ohio- Lab ID # 10042

Lab Sample ID	Client Code	Sample Description	Length (inch)	Width (inch)	Area (Sq ft)	Results Lead µg/ft2 *
		Analyst Sigr	nature	N	attor	) de
					Nathan Ditt	у
				Z	Na	n/

Tom Hamlin

ND = Not Detected, N/A = Not Available, RL = Reporting Limit, Analytical Reporting Limit is 5 ug/sample. For true values assume (3) significant figures. AAT internal SOP S205. The method and batch QC are acceptable unless otherwise stated. EPA Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Floors, Carpeted/Uncarpeted), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Sill/Stools), 400 ug/ft2 (Window Trough/Well/Ext Concrete Surfaces). HUD Grantee Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Interior Floors), 40 ug/ft2 (Porch Floors), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Sills), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Trough/Well/Ext Concrete Surfaces). HUD Grantee Regulatory Limits: 10 ug/ft2 (Interior Floors), 40 ug/ft2 (Porch Floors), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Sills), 100 ug/ft2 (Window Troughs). The laboratory operates in accord with ISO 17025 guidelines and holds limited scopes of accreditation under AIHA-LAP and NY State DOH ELAP programs. These results are submitted pursuant to AAT, LLC current terms and conditions of sale, including the company's standard warranty and limitation of liability provisions. Analytical results relate to the samples as received by the lab. AAT will not assume any liability or responsibility for the manner in which the results are used or interpreted. All Quality Control requirements for the samples this report contains have been met. AAT does not blank correct reported values. Sample data apply only to items analyzed. Results are calculated with wipe dimensions supplied by client. Reproduction of this document other than in its entirety is not authorized by AAT, LLC.\* = Validated modified method. Samples are stored for 15 days following report date.



AIHA LAP- Lab ID #100986, NY State DOH ELAP -Lab ID #11864, State of Ohio- Lab ID # 10042

Page 2 of 4



#### Certificate of Analysis: Lead In Soil by EPA SW-846 7000B and 3050B Method\*

Client :	Environmental Testing and	Consulting R	AAT Project : 1030184
	38900 Huron River Drive		Sampling Date: 05/13/2024
	Romulus, MI 48174		Date Received : 05/17/2024
Attn :	ETC	Email: labresults@2etc.com	Date Analyzed: 05/21/2024
Phone :	734-955-6600	Fax: 734-955-6604	Date Reported: 05/21/2024
Client Pro	<b>bject</b> : 269256		

Project Location: 123 Ferguson, Lansing, MI 48912

Lab Sample ID	Client Code	Sample Description	Results Lead μg/g (PPM)	Calculated RL μg/g *
9423263	SS-1	dripline A A Side	337	9.92
9423264	SS-2	bare soil C C Side	282	10.5

Analyst Signature

Nathan Ditty

Tom Hamlin

\*RL= Reporting Limit \* For true values assume (3) significant figures. The method and batch QC are acceptable unless otherwise stated. Current EPA/HUD Interim Standard for soil samples are: 400 PPM (parts per million) for play area's, 1200 PPM for building Perimters and 1000 PPM for California Building Perimiters and AT internal sop \$204. The laboratory operates in accord with ISO 17025 guidelines and holds limited scopes of accreditation under AIHA-LAP and NY State DOH ELAP programs. These results are submitted pursuant to AAT LLC current terms and conditions of sale, including the company's standard warranty and limitation of liability provisions. Analytical results relate to the samples as received by the lab. AAT will not assume any liability or responsibility for the manner in which the results are used or interpreted. Reproduction of this document other than in its entirety is not permitted. AAT does not blank correct reported values. Sample data apply only to items analyzed. Samples are stored for 15 days following report date. \*= Validated modified method



AIHA LAP- Lab ID #100986, NY State DOH ELAP -Lab ID #11864, State of Ohio- Lab ID # 10042

Page 3 of 4



30105 Beverly Road Romulus, MI 48174 Ph: 734-629-8161; Fax: 734-629-8431

AAT Project : 1030184 Client Project : 269256 Date Reported : 05/21/2024

 To:
 Environmental Testing and Consulting R

 38900 Huron River Drive
 Romulus, MI 48174

 Attn:
 ETC
 Email:
 labresults

Attn :	ETC	Email :	labresults@2etc.com
		Phone :	734-955-6600
Project Lo	ocation :	123 Ferguson, Lansing, MI 4891	2

Sample	Client Code	Analysis Requested	Completed	Analyst
9423248	FB1	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423249	DW01	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423250	DW02	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423251	DW03	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423252	DW04	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423253	DW05	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423254	DW06	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423255	DW07	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423256	DW08	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423257	DW09	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423258	DW10	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423259	DW11	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423260	DW12	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423261	DW13	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423262	DW14	Dust Wipe	05/21/2024	Nathan Ditty
9423263	SS-1	Lead Soil	05/21/2024	Tom Hamlin
9423264	SS-2	Lead Soil	05/21/2024	Tom Hamlin

Elype B Me

Reviewed By

Elyse Bidle Quality Assurance Coordinator

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#### Submitting Company :

Environmental Testing and Consulting R 38900 Huron River Drive Romulus, MI - 48174 AAT Project : 1030184 Turn Around: 48 Hours

#### Project Location: 123 Ferguson, Lansing, MI 48912

**Client Job:** 269256

Lab Sample	Sample Description	Barcode	Client Code	Sample Type	Dimension	Field Blank	Other Analysis
9423248	N/A Field Blank	1668465	FB1	Dust Wipe	0 x 0	Yes	None
9423249	HF Living Room 2 Floor	1668466	DW01	Dust Wipe	12 x 12	No	None
9423250	S Living Room 2 Sill B1	1668467	DW02	Dust Wipe	53 x 3.5	No	None
9423251	HF Kitchen 4 Floor	1668468	DW03	Dust Wipe	12 x 12	No	None
9423252	T Kitchen 4 Trough D2	1668469	DW04	Dust Wipe	38.75 x 1.25	No	None
9423253	HF Bedroom 6 Floor	1668470	DW05	Dust Wipe	12 x 12	No	None
9423254	T Bedroom 6 Trough C1	1668471	DW06	Dust Wipe	40.125 x 1.75	No	None
9423255	HF Bedroom 9 Floor	1668472	DW07	Dust Wipe	12 x 12	No	None
9423256	S Bedroom 9 Sill A1	1668473	DW08	Dust Wipe	35 x 3.25	No	None
9423257	T Bedroom 9 Trough A1	1668474	DW09	Dust Wipe	36 x 1.5	No	None
9423258	HF Bedroom 10 Floor	1668475	DW10	Dust Wipe	12 x 12	No	None

Lab Sample	Sample Description	Barcode	Client Code	Sample Type	Dimension	Field Blank	Other Analysis
9423259	S Bedroom 10 Sill B1	1668476	DW11	Dust Wipe	34.75 x 3.25	No	None
9423260	HF Bathroom 12 Floor	1668477	DW12	Dust Wipe	12 x 12	No	None
9423261	S Bathroom 12 Sill C1	1668478	DW13	Dust Wipe	34.75 x 3.25	No	None
9423262	Porch A A Side	1668479	DW14	Dust Wipe	12 x 12	No	None
9423263	dripline A A Side	1668480	SS-1	Lead Soil	0 x 0	No	None
9423264	bare soil C C Side	1668481	SS-2	Lead Soil	0 x 0	No	None



Sampled By: David Franklin

Received By: Lexxus Staffeld Received Date: 05/17/2024 08:00

Shal

Analyst: Tom Hamlin

Seal Intact: Yes

Preservative (if required): Yes

Containers Labled : Yes

lype Bolle

Relinquished By: Elyse Bidle Relinquished Date: 05/21/2024 14:19